



Laboratoire de Morphodynamique  
Côtière et Continentale



# Alderney Race surface hydrodynamics measured by HF radar

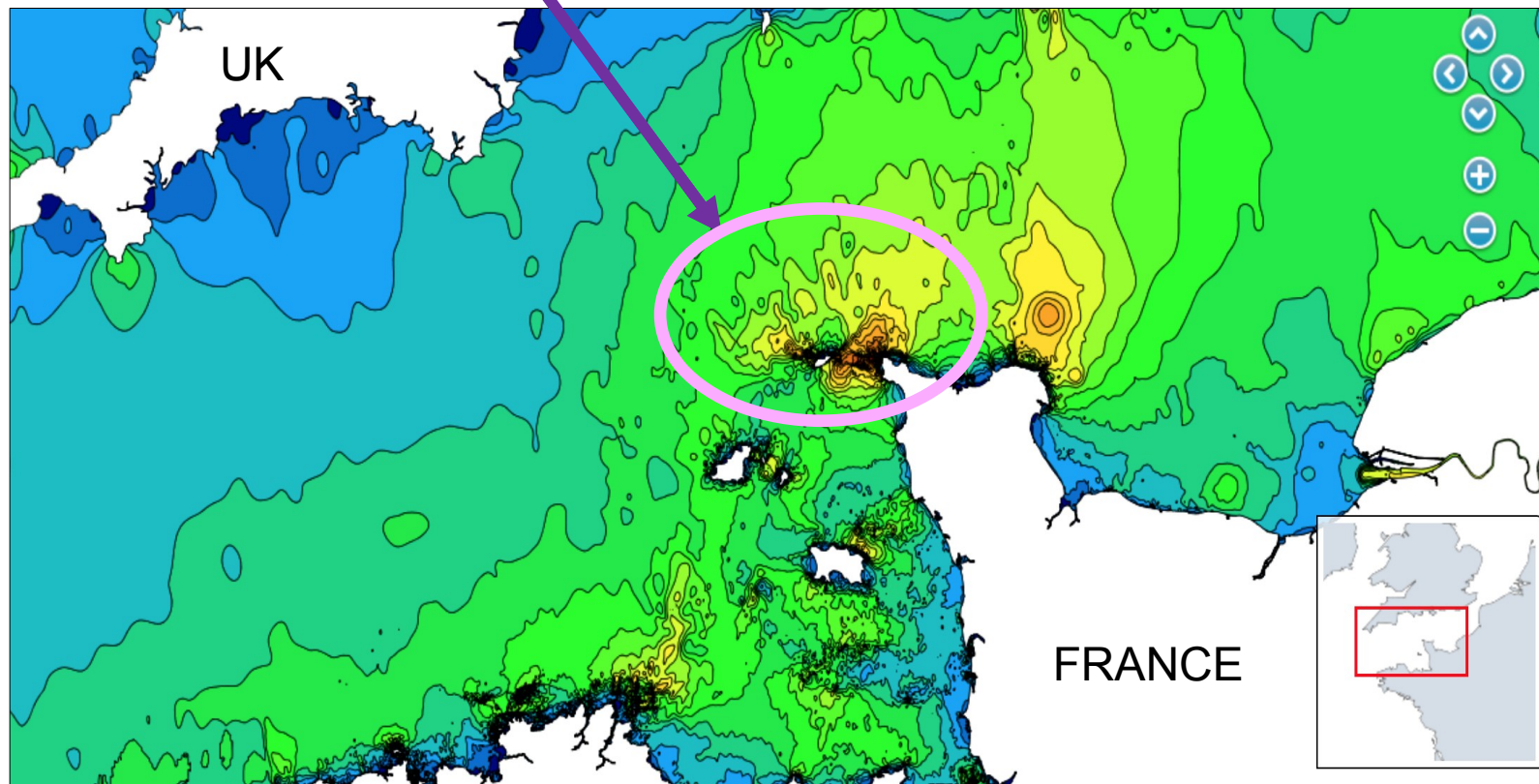
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1. UNICAEN, UMR M2C, Caen, France ; 2. CNRS, UMR MIO, Toulon, France; 3. FEM, Plouzané, France ;  
4. Ifremer, UMR LOPS, Plouzané, France ; 5. ULCO, UMR LOG, Wimereux, France ; 6. U. Sheffield, Sheffield, UK



# Alderney Race

Alderney race has the **largest tidal stream energy potential** in Europe (between the La Hague Cape and the Alderney island)

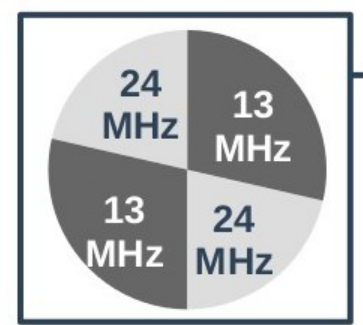


<http://data.shom.fr>

- Shallow to intermediate waters : **20 to 60 m depth**
- **Mega-tidal** environnement: tidal range up to 10m
- **Tidal asymetry**

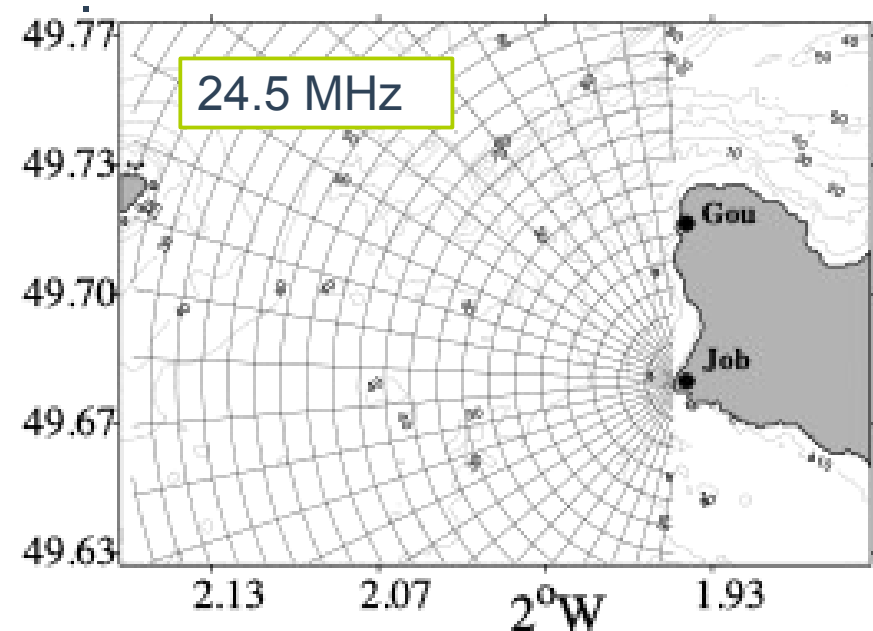
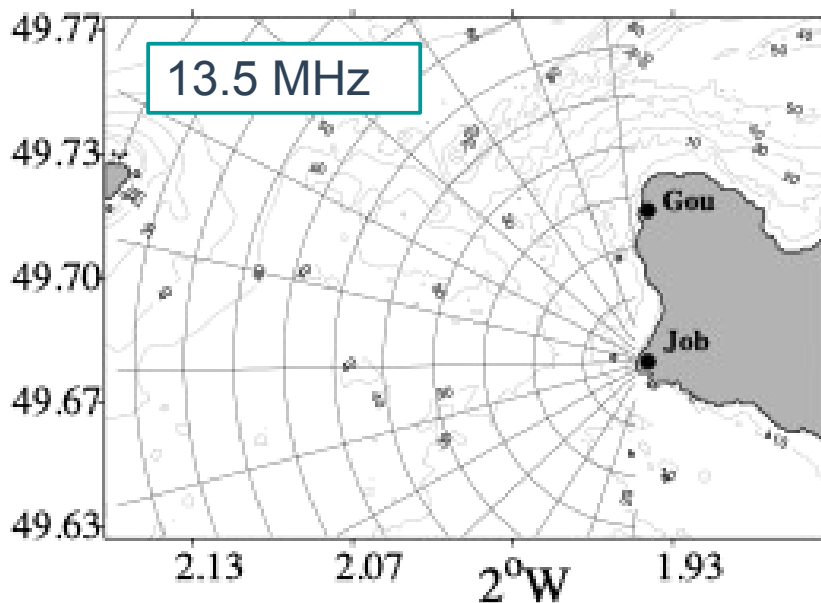
- **Extreme tidal current** reaching to 5 m/s
- **Marine turbulence** with a lengthscale of 10-15m
- **Ocean waves**: wind-waves and swell

# HF radar characteristics



	13.5 MHz	24.5 MHz
Bandwidth (kHz)	100	200
Range resolution (m)	1500	600
Azimuthal resolution (deg)	14	7
Grid spacing (m)	500 x 500	

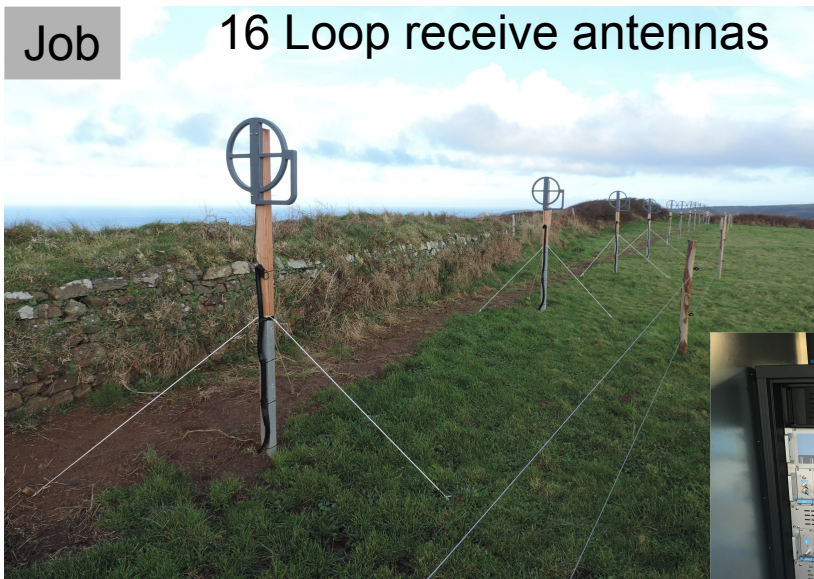
- HF radar capable of operating at **two frequencies**, 13.5 and 24.5 MHz.
- Different spatial resolution.
- Different penetration depth.



# HF radar sites

Job

16 Loop receive antennas



**HF radars:**  
40 antennas, 2 radar electronics,  
2 containers, ~50 kms of cables

16 receive antennas



Gou

8 transmit antennas



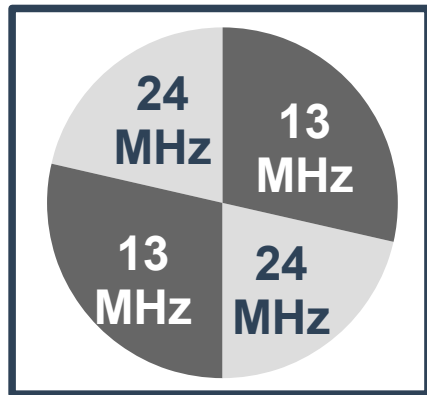
Job

8 transmit antennas

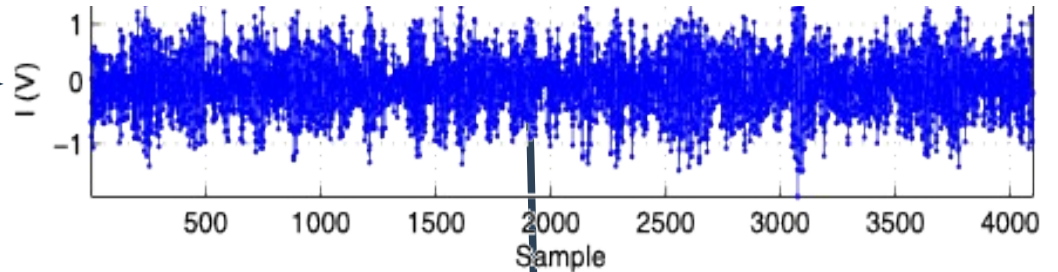


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# Acquisition/Processing chain



Range resolution



Angular resolution

## Direction finding (MUSIC)

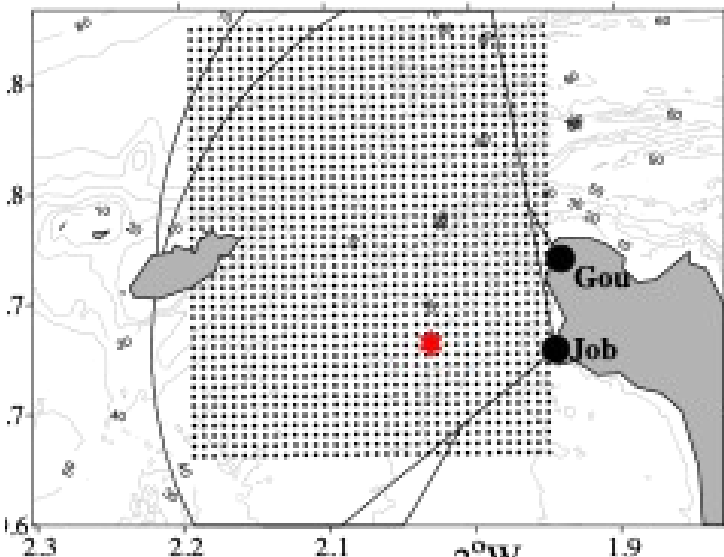
- Eigenfunction analysis of signal covariance matrix
- High resolution
- Irregular grid coverage

## Beamforming

- Digital beam steering
- Lower resolution
- Good grid coverage

Surface current

DINEOF  
2dVar

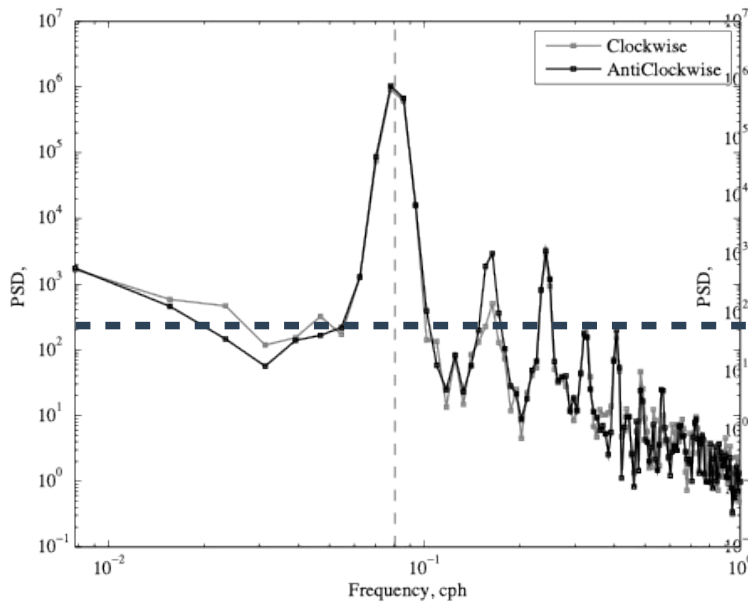
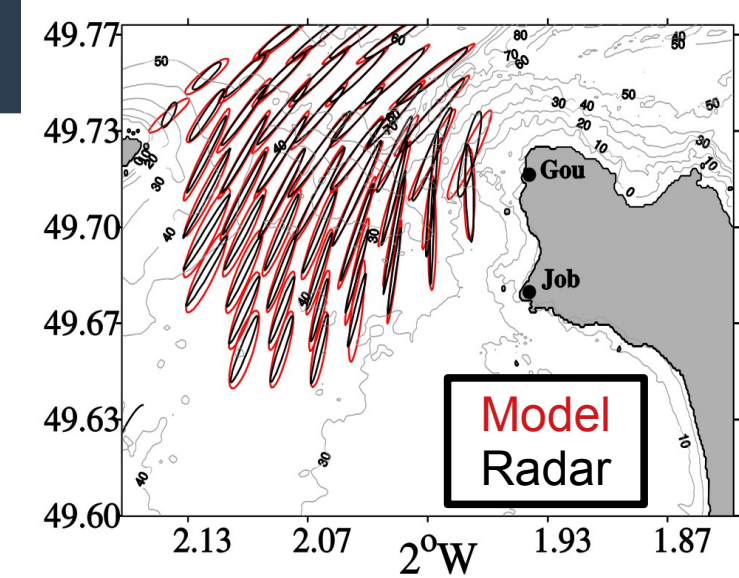
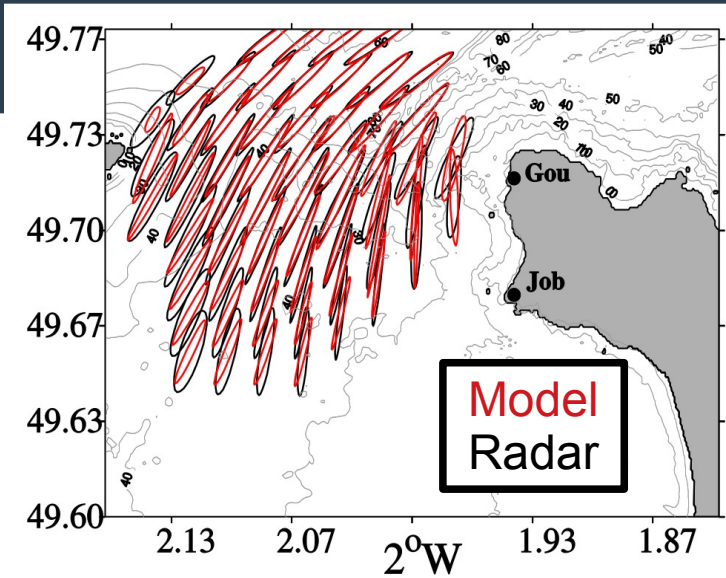


Waves

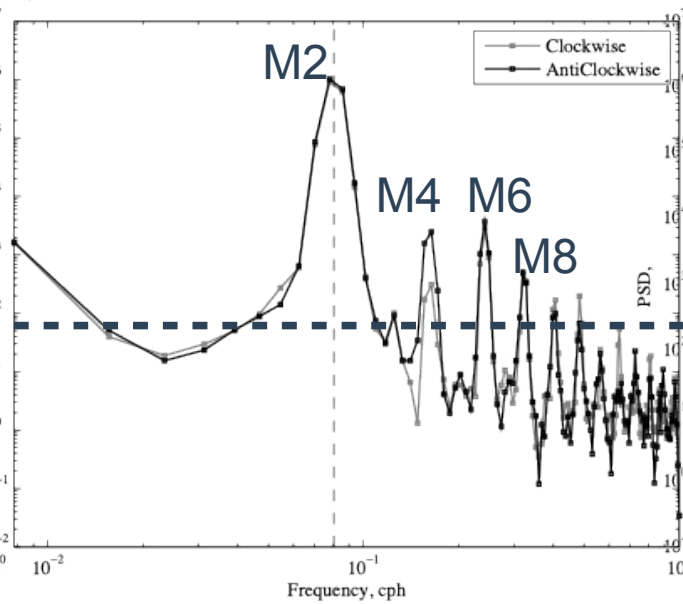
Semi-empirical relation  
Between 2<sup>nd</sup>  
order Doppler and  
1D wave  
spectrum

Numerical inversion  
equation relating 2<sup>nd</sup>  
order Doppler and  
**directional wave  
spectrum**

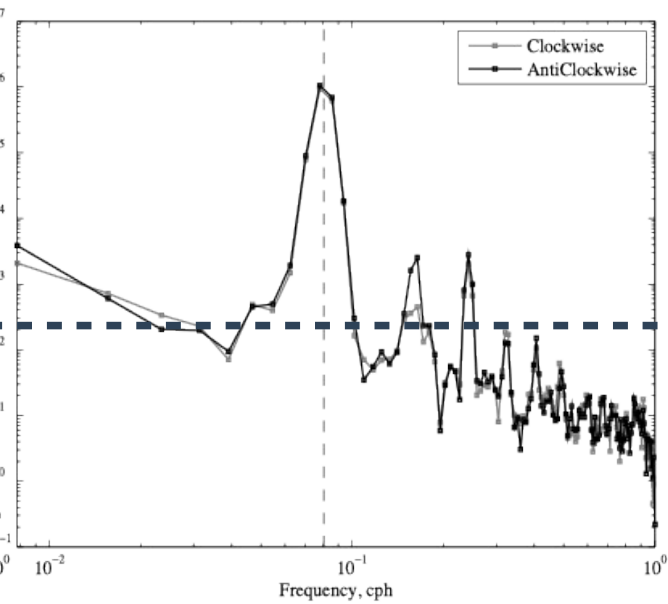
# Current ellipses & Rotary spectra



13.5 MHz

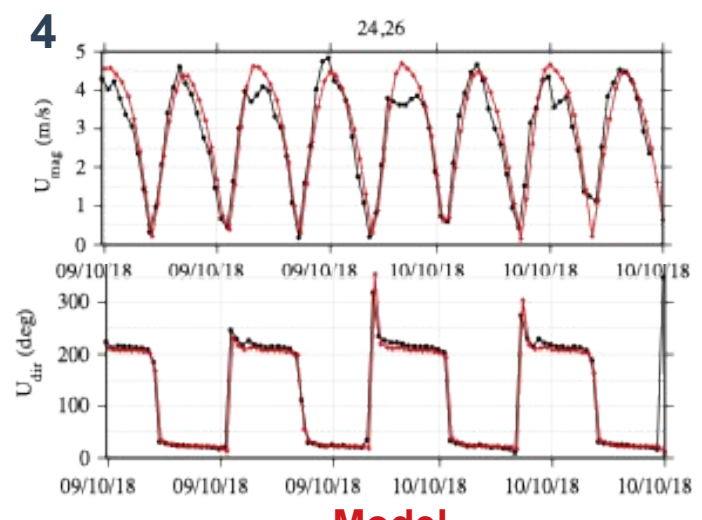
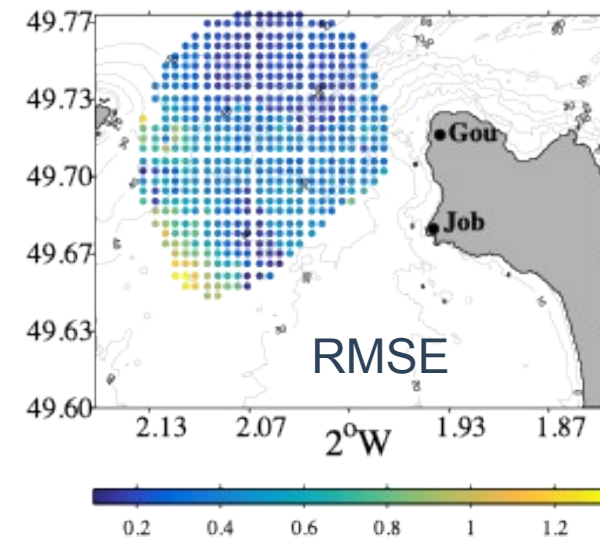
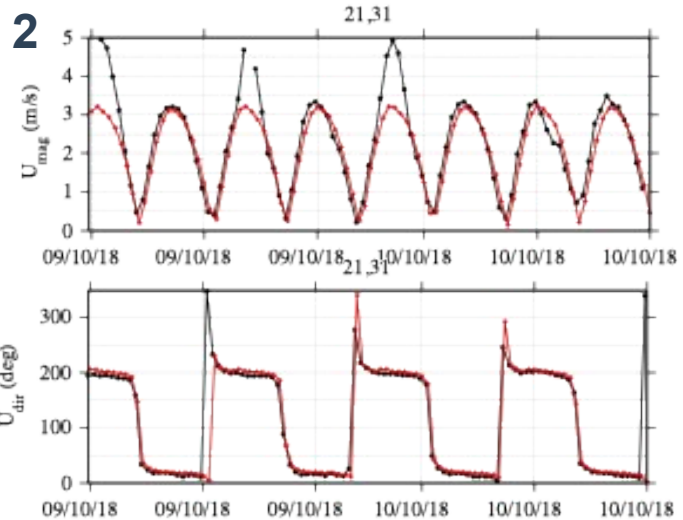
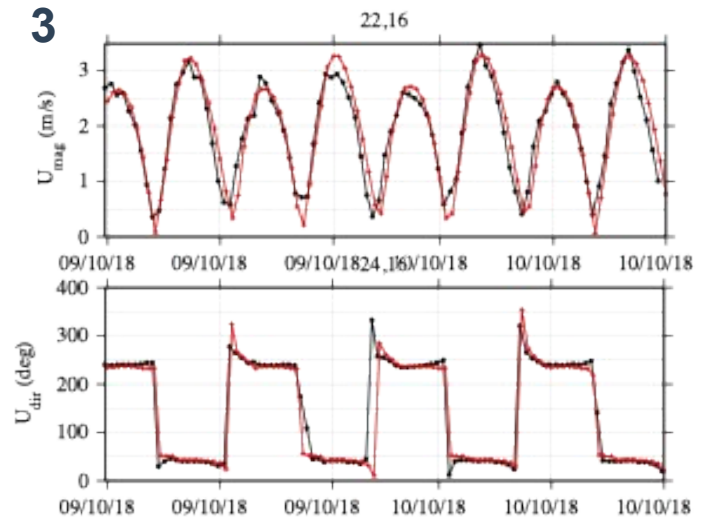
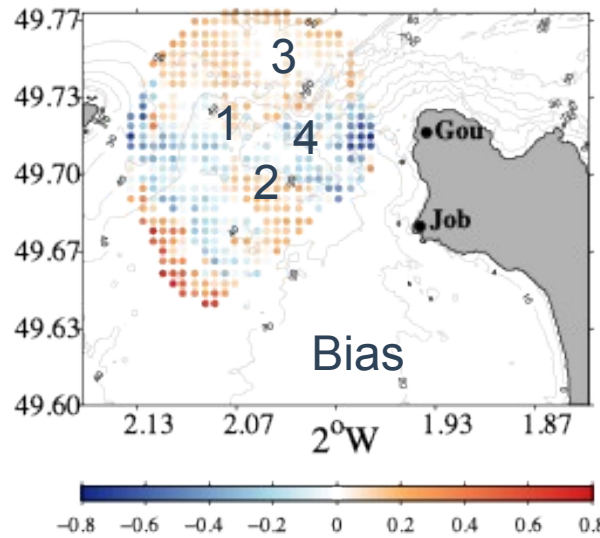
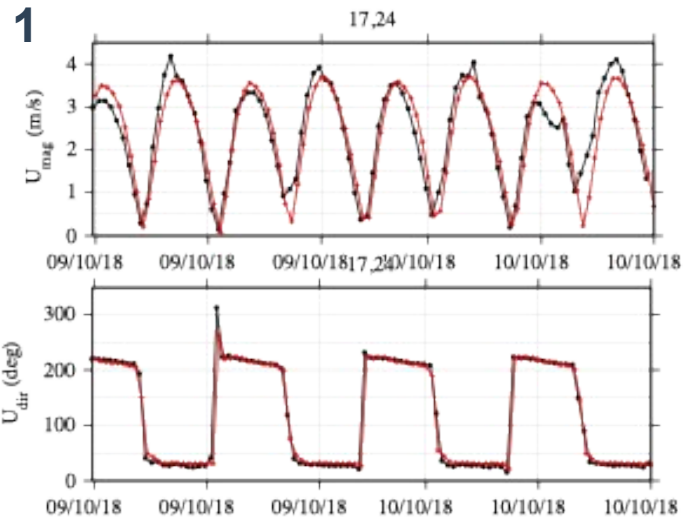


Model



24.5 MHz

# Time evolution of surface currents (24 MHz/Spring tide)

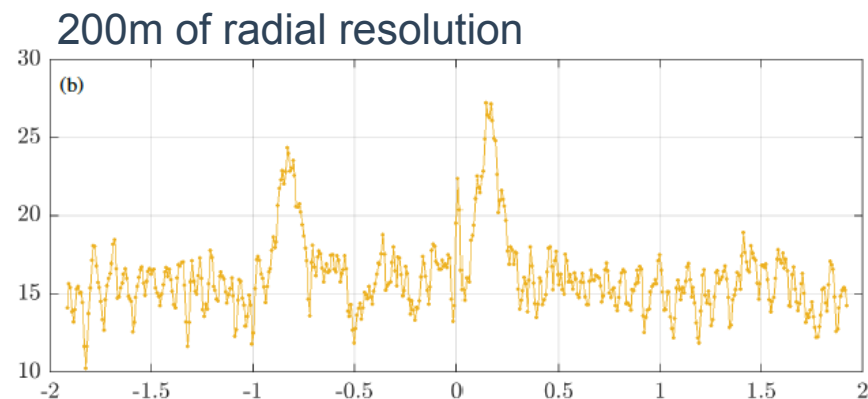
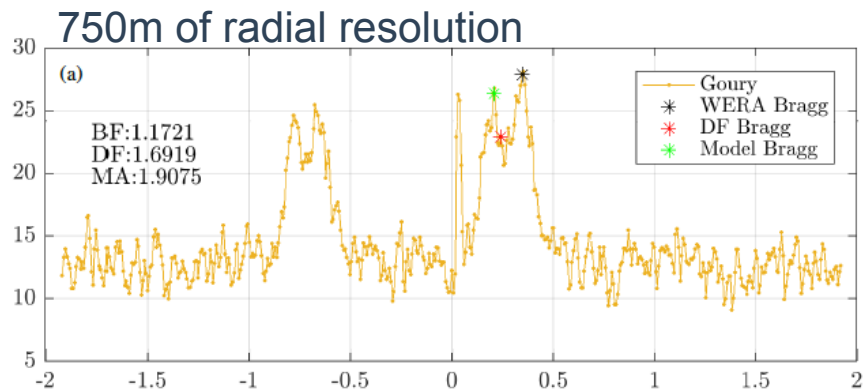


**Model**  
**Radar**

# Possible improvements

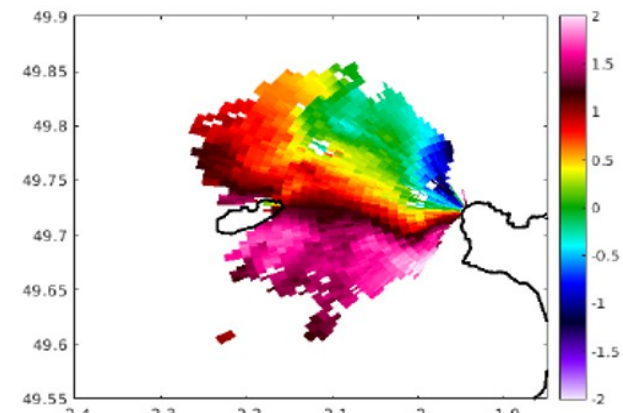
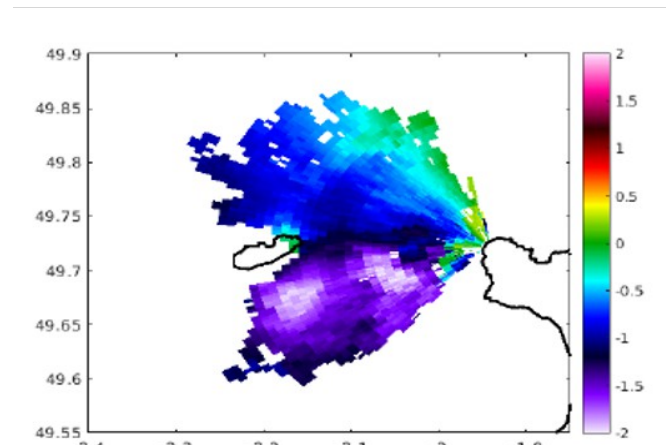
## High resolution measurements with a bandwidth of 750 kHz, nov. 2020

(Radial resolution : 200m, Angular resolution : unchanged, Frequency : 24.5 MHz)



## New Direction Finding techniques based on antenna groups

(with D. Dumas and C.-A. Guérin)



Dumas, 2022



# Summary

## - Why use HF radars for this site ?

- \* Alderney Race is very difficult to instrument with in-situ materials.
- \* Hydrodynamic measurements are essential for the development of tidal energy.

- HF radars from WERA technologies are relatively **expensive**: ~500 keuros

LERA radars are cheaper but are not yet suitable for beginners: this is perhaps the future.

- HF radars in Cotentin are devoted to help the **development of tidal energy**  
=> They will be used in the FloWatt project (2023-2028) aiming at implement 7 tidal turbines in Alderney Race.

- **Data** are available **on request**.

- Data are easily accessible from the **Ifremer ftp (SISMER)**.

- Our post-processing tools are open source.